



IVANTI MOBILEIRON CORE MDM SUPPLEMENTAL PROCEDURES

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Developed by Ivanti and DISA for the DoD

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	MOBILEIRON MDM SOFTWARE SECURITY AND CONFIGURATION ORMATION	1
	.1 MobileIron MDM Architecture	
	.2 MobileIron MDM Software Components	
1	.3 MobileIron MDM Required Firewall Ports	1
- 1	.4 PKI Considerations	2

LIST OF TABLES

	Page
Table 1-1: MobileIron Core Components	1
Table 1-2: Required Ports and Services	1

LIST OF FIGURES

	Page
Figure 1-1: MobileIron Core MDM Architecture	e1

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1. MOBILEIRON MDM SOFTWARE SECURITY AND CONFIGURATION **INFORMATION**

1.1 **MobileIron MDM Architecture**

Multi-OS EMM Internet Apps@Work, Docs@Work AppConnect, Trusted apps Note: MobileIron Core can also be deployed behind DMZ the corporate firewall if necessary Core Corporate Network Admins CA / SCEP Business / NDES Intelligence Users Security / Monitoring

Figure 1-1: MobileIron Core MDM Architecture

Table 1-1: MobileIron Core Components

Control Plane

Component	Description		
Mobile@Work for Android	MobileIron MDM Agent for Android		
MobileIron Core	MobileIron MDM Server		

MobileIron MDM Required Firewall Ports

Data Plane

Table 1-2: Required Ports and Services

From	To	Port (TCP)	Description
Administrators	MDM Server	22	SSH
Mobile Devices	MDM Server	80	HTTP (for CRLs)

From	To	Port (TCP)	Description
Mobile Devices	MDM Server	443	HTTPS
Administrators	MDM Server	8443	HTTPS-alt
Mobile Devices	MAS	7443	HTTPS-alt
	(component of		
	Core)		

1.4 PKI Considerations

In order to implement over-the-air (OTA) provisioning of a Department of Defense (DoD) mobile device, an authenticated and encrypted tunnel can be set up between the mobile device and the mobile device management (MDM) server. The mobile device and MDM server must support the same root certificate authority to set up a mutually authenticated trusted tunnel between both endpoints. In order for the mobile device to support the current DoD root Certificate Authority (CA), DoD Root CA 3, the mobile device must natively, out-of-the-box, trust the current DoD root CA. If not, the certificate must be side-loaded on the mobile device, which is not scalable in an Enterprise environment. Unfortunately, few if any mobile devices natively trust this root CA. Alternately, since there is a path of trust between DoD Root CA 3 and the Federal Common Policy Certificate Authority (FCPCA), a mobile device that natively trusts the FCPCA can authenticate the MDM if either the MDM server or web service used by the MDM (for example IIS or Apache) pushes down a path to the FCPCA to the mobile device during the TLS handshake.

The MobileIron MDM's web service is provided by Apache. A Local Admin on the MDM can manage these certificates through the Web UI's System Manager by navigating to the "Security" tab and selecting "Certificate Mgmt". They can then upload a PKCS12 file containing the server's certificate and all CA certificates in the path from the DoD PKI Issuing CA (e.g., DoD ID SW CA 37) to Federal Common Policy.